PETITION FOR EMANCIPATION OF A MINOR

EMANCIPATION

This is the packet to be used when a minor wants the court to remove the "disability" of nonage. In other words, emancipation is the act by which a person gains all of the rights and responsibilities of an adult.

Note: Per Florida Statute 743.015, A circuit court has jurisdiction to remove the disabilities of a nonage minor age 16 or older residing in this state upon a petition filed by the minor's natural or legal guardian or, if none, by a guardian ad litem.

- The heading of the forms calls for the name of the minor. The natural or legal guardian, or if none, a guardian ad litem name should go where the documents ask for the name of the petitioner, as you are the one who is asking the court for action. The judicial circuit, case number and division may be obtained from the Clerk's Office when you file the petition.
- 2) The completed original petition must be signed in the presence of a notary public or a deputy clerk. To obtain a court order, the minor must be at least 16 years of age. The petition for emancipation of a minor must be completed and filed by the minor's parent(s) or legal guardian, or if none, then by a guardian ad litem.
- 3) The completed original forms must be filed with the Clerk of the Circuit Court in the county where the minor lives. In Santa Rosa County, you will file your forms in the Family Law Division, Santa Rosa County Courthouse, 4025 Avalon Blvd., Milton, Florida, 32583. You should keep a copy of this petition for your records.
- 4) A deputy clerk will witness signatures for a fee, collect the appropriate filing fee, and assign a Family Law case number and judge to the action.
- 5) You must pay the appropriate filing fees to the clerk's office. If you cannot afford to pay the filing fees, you will need to fill out an Application for Determination of Indigent Status. If you are found indigent, the filing fees and summons fee will be waived. There will still be oath fees (\$3.50) and mail fee (\$2).
- 6) If the petition is filed by a guardian ad litem or next friend, service of process must be perfected on the natural parents.

- 7) If both parents are not jointly petitioning the court for the removal of the disabilities of nonage of the minor, service of process must be made upon the non-petitioning parent. Constructive service of process may be used, provided the petitioning parent makes an actual, diligent search to discover the location of, and provide notice to, the non-petitioning parent.
- 8) You will complete the Request for Hearing and file with the Clerk's Office. It is your responsibility to request a hearing in your case.
- 9) Within approximately 90 DAYS after filing your Request for Hearing, you will hear from the Pro Se Coordinator, and receive a court date if the file is complete or notification requesting any documents that may be missing from the file to process your case. You may be required to attend a final hearing.
- 10) Once the final order is signed, the Clerk's Office can provide copies of the Final Judgment and collect certain fees for certifications.
- 11) If the Court is satisfied that emancipation is the in the minor's best interest, it will enter an order removing the disabilities of nonage and authorize the minor to perform all acts that the minor could do if he/she were 18 years of age. The order will be recorded in the public records of the county where the action is filed. The minor will need to obtain certified copies of the order to show proof of his/her emancipation. The cost for a certified copy is \$1 per page and \$2 per certification.
- 12) It may be helpful to compile a list of all the people and/or places that will need a copy of your final judgment. This list may include the driver's license office, social security office, banks, schools, etc. A list will help you know how many copies of your order you should get from the clerk's office after your hearing.

NOTICE OF LIMITATION OF SERVICES PROVIDED

This list of forms and procedural information should be considered as a guideline and not legal advice. It is best to consult with your own attorney, especially if your case presents significant issues regarding children, child support, alimony, retirement or pension benefits, assets or liabilities.

The personnel in this self-help program are not acting as your attorney or providing legal advice to you. Self-help personnel are not acting on behalf of the Court or any Judge. The presiding Judge in your case may require amendment of form(s) or substitution of a different form other than any you may have obtained from the clerk's office, the self-help office or a legal forms provider. The form(s) you file are only a request of the Court. The Judge is not required to grant the relief requested in a form. The personnel in this self-help program cannot tell you what your legal rights or remedies are, represent you in a court or tell you how to testify in court. Self-help services are available to all persons who are or will be parties to a family case. The information you give to and receive from self-help personnel is not confidential and may be subject to disclosure at a later date. Nothing you may tell family court personnel is confidential. If another person involved in your cases seeks assistance from this self-help program, that person will receive the same service provided to you.

Clerk's Office Family Law Division: 850-981-5552

Family Pro Se Coordinator: 850-981-5588

If you are a person with a disability who needs any accommondations in order to participate in this proceedings, you are entitled, at no cost to you, to the provision of certain assistance. Please contact: Court Administration, ADA Liaison, Santa Rosa County, 4025 Avalon Blvd., Milton, Fl 32583. Phone (850) 623-3159 Fax (850) 983-0602, ADA.SantaRosa@flcourts1.gov at least 7 days before your scheduled court appearance, or immediately upon receiving this notification if the time before the scheduled appearance is less than 7 day; if you are hearing or voice impaired, call 711

FAMILY LAW FORMS, COMMENTARY, AND INSTRUCTIONS GENERAL INFORMATION FOR SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS (02/18)

You should read this General information thoroughly before taking any other steps to file your case or represent yourself in court. Most of this information is not repeated in the attached forms. This information should provide you with an overview of the court system, its participants, and its processes. It should be useful whether you want to represent yourself in a pending matter or have a better understanding of the way family court works. This is not intended as a substitute for legal advice from an attorney. Each case has its own particular set of circumstances, and an attorney may advise you of what is best for you in your individual situation.

These instructions are not the only place that you can get information about how a family case works. You may want to look at other books for more help. The Florida Statutes, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, and other legal information or books may be found at the public library or in a law library at your county courthouse or a law school in your area. If you are filing a petition for Name Change and/or Adoption, these instructions may not apply.

If the word(s) is printed in **bold**, this means that the word is being emphasized. Throughout these instructions, you will also find words printed in **bold** and underlined. This means that the definitions of these words may be found in the glossary of common family law terms at the end of this general information section.

Commentary

1995 Adoption. To help the many people in family law court cases who do not have attorneys to represent them (pro se litigants), the Florida Supreme Court added these simplified forms and directions to the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. The directions refer to the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure or the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Many of the forms were adapted from the forms accompanying the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Practitioners should refer to the committee notes for those forms for rule history.

The forms were adopted by the Court pursuant to Family Law Rules of Procedure, 667 So. 2d 202 (Fla. 1995); In re Petition for Approval of Forms Pursuant to Rule 10-1.1(b) of the Rules Regulating the Florida Bar—Stepparent Adoption Forms, 613 So. 2d 900 (Fla. 1992); Rules Regulating the Florida Bar—Approval of Forms, 581 So. 2d 902 (Fla. 1991).

Although the forms are part of these rules, they are not all inclusive and additional forms, as necessary, should be taken from the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure as provided in Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. Also, the following notice has been included to strongly encourage individuals to seek the advice, when needed, of an attorney who is a member in good standing of the Florida Bar.

1997 Amendment. In 1997, the Florida Family Law Forms were completely revised to simplify and correct the forms. Additionally, the appendices were eliminated, the instructions contained in the appendices were incorporated into the forms, and the introduction following the Notice to Parties was created. Minor changes were also made to the Notice to Parties set forth below.

General Information for Self-Represented Litigants (02/18)

NOTICE TO PARTIES WHO ARE NOT REPRESENTED BY AN ATTORNEY WHO IS A MEMBER IN GOOD STANDING OF THE FLORIDA BAR

If you have questions or concerns about these forms, instructions, commentary, the use of the forms, or your legal rights, it is strongly recommended that you talk to an attorney. If you do not know an attorney, you should call the lawyer referral service listed in the yellow pages of the telephone book under "Attorney." If you do not have the money to hire an attorney, you should call the legal aid office in your area.

Because the law does change, the forms and information about them may have become outdated. You should be aware that changes may have taken place in the law or court rules that would affect the accuracy of the forms or instructions.

In no event will the Florida Supreme Court, The Florida Bar, or anyone contributing to the production of these forms or instructions be liable for any direct, indirect, or consequential damages resulting from their use.

FAMILY LAW PROCEDURES

Communication with the court. Ex parte communication is communication with the judge with only one party present. Judges are not allowed to engage in ex parte communication except in very limited circumstances, so, absent specific authorization to the contrary, you should not try to speak with or write to the judge in your case unless the other <u>party</u> is present or has been properly notified. If you have something you need to tell the judge, you must ask for a <u>hearing</u> and give notice to the other party or file a written statement in the court file and send a copy of the written statement to the other party.

Filing a case. A case begins with the filing of a <u>petition</u>. A petition is a written request to the court for some type of legal action. The person who originally asks for legal action is called the <u>petitioner</u> and remains the petitioner throughout the case.

A petition is given to the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u>, whose office is usually located in the county courthouse or a branch of the county courthouse. A case number is assigned and an official court file is opened. Delivering the petition to the clerk's office is called <u>filing</u> a case. A filing <u>fee</u> is usually required.

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. Self-represented litigants may file a petition or other pleadings, motions, and documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so. If you choose to file your petition electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the circuit within which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

<u>Service of the original petition or supplemental petition.</u> When one party files a <u>petition, motion</u>, or other <u>pleading</u>, the other party must be "served" with a copy of the document. This means that the other party is given proper notice of the pending action(s) and any scheduled hearings. The person

against whom the original legal action is being requested is called the **respondent**, because he or she is expected to respond to the petition. The respondent remains the respondent throughout the case.

<u>Personal service</u> of the petition and summons on the respondent by a deputy sheriff or private process server is required in all <u>original petitions</u> and <u>supplemental petitions</u>, unless <u>constructive service</u> is permitted by law. Personal service may also be required in other actions by some judges.

Constructive Service. If you absolutely do not know where the other party to your case lives or if the other party resides in another state, you may be able to use constructive service; however, if constructive service is used, other than granting a divorce, the court may only grant limited relief, which cannot include either alimony or child support. For more information on constructive service, see Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage (No Child or Financial Support), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(1), Notice of Action for Family Cases with Minor Child(ren), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(2), Affidavit of Diligent Search and Inquiry, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b), and Affidavit of Diligent Search, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(c)... Additionally, if the other party is in the military service of the United States, additional steps for service may be required. See, for example, Memorandum for Certificate of Military Service, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(a). In sum, the law regarding constructive service and service on an individual in the military is very complex and you may wish to consult an attorney regarding these issues.

Forms for service of process are included in the Florida Family Law Forms, along with more detailed instructions and information regarding service. The instructions to those forms should be read carefully to ensure that you have properly served the other party. If proper service is not obtained, the court cannot hear your case. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Subsequent Service. Other than the original or supplemental petitions, any time you file additional pleadings or motions in your case, you must provide a copy to the other party and include a <u>certificate</u> <u>of service</u>. Likewise, the other party must provide you with copies of everything that he or she files. If the other party is represented by an attorney, you should serve the attorney unless service upon the other party is required by the court.

Electronic Service. After the initial service of process of the petitioner or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.ficourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. if a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please CAREFULLY read the rules and instructions for: Certificate of Service (General), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

<u>Default.</u> After being served with a petition or <u>counterpetition</u>, the other party has 20 days to file a response. If a response to a petition is not filed, the petitioner may file a <u>Motion for Default</u>, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(a), with the clerk. This means that you may proceed with your case and set a <u>final hearing</u>, and a <u>judge</u> will make a decision, even if the other party will not cooperate. For more information, see rule 12.080(c), Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

<u>Answer</u> and Counterpetition. After being served, the respondent has 20 days to file an answer admitting or denying each of the allegations contained in the petition. In addition to an answer, the respondent may also file a counterpetition. In a counterpetition, the respondent may request the same or some other relief or action not requested by the petitioner. If the respondent files a counterpetition, the petitioner should then file an **Answer to Counterpetition**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.903(d), and either admit or deny the allegations in the respondent's counterpetition.

Mandatory disclosure. Rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, requires each party in a dissolution of marriage to exchange certain information and documents, and file a Family Law Financial Affidavit, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) or (c). Failure to make this required disclosure within the time required by the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure may allow the court to dismiss the case or to refuse to consider the pleadings of the party failing to comply. This requirement also must be met in other family law cases, except adoptions, simplified dissolutions of marriage, enforcement proceedings, contempt proceedings, and proceedings for injunctions for domestic or repeat violence. The Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932, lists the documents that must be given to the other party. For more information see rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, and the instructions to the Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932.

Parenting Plan. If your case involves minor or dependent child(ren), a Parenting Plan shall be approved or established by the court. Parenting Plan, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form, 12.995(a), Safety-Focused Parenting Plan, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(b), or Relocation/Long Distance Parenting Plan, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(c). The Parenting Plan shall be developed and agreed to by the parents and approved by a court.

If the parents cannot agree, or if the agreed Parenting Plan is not approved, the court must establish a Parenting Plan. The Parenting Plan shall contain a time-sharing schedule and should address the issues regarding the child(ren)'s education, health care, and physical, social, and emotional well-being.

Setting a hearing or trial. Generally, the court will have hearings on motions, final hearings on uncontested or default cases, and trials on contested cases. Before setting your case for final hearing or trial, certain requirements such as completing mandatory disclosure and filing certain papers and having them served on the other party must be met. These requirements vary depending on the type of case and the procedures in your particular jurisdiction. For further information, you should refer to the instructions for the type of form you are filing.

Next, you must obtain a hearing or trial date so that the court may consider your request. You should ask the clerk of court, or <u>family law intake staff</u> about the local procedure for setting a hearing or trial, which you should attend. These family law forms contain <u>orders</u> and <u>final judgments</u>, which the judge may use. You should ask the clerk of court or family law intake staff if you need to bring one of these forms with you to the hearing or trial. If so, you should type or print the heading, including the circuit, county, case number, division, and the parties' names, and leave the rest blank for the judge to complete at your hearing or trial.

The shaded areas below explain different parts of family law forms. Although each form you use may not contain each part explained below, all forms contain a case style which identifies the judicial circuit and county in Florida in which the case is filed, the division within that circuit to which the case is assigned, the parties in the case, and the number of the case. Some, but not all, forms require that the person signing the form state under oath that what he or she claims in the form is true; those particular forms must be signed in the presence of either a deputy clerk of the court or a notary public who witnesses your signature before notarizing the form. Most forms contain a nonlawyer clause which requests certain information be provided by any person who is not licensed to practice law in the State of Florida who has helped you to complete the form.

IN THE CIRCUIT COUP	• • •	(1)		uctions appear in <i>italics.</i> [JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
IN AND FOR		(2)	COUN	ITY, FLORIDA
			Case No.:	(3)
			Division:	
(5)				
Pé	titioner,			
and				

- Line 1 The clerk of court can tell you the number of your judicial circuit. Type or print it here.
- Line 2 Type or print your county name on line (2).
- Line 3 If you are filing an initial petition or pleading, the Clerk of the Court will assign a case number after the case is filed. You should type or print this case number on all papers you file in this case.
- Line 4 The clerk of the court can tell you the name of the division in which your case is being filed, and you should type or print it here. Divisions vary from court to court. For example, your case may be filed in the civil division, the family division, or the juvenile division.
- Line 5 Type or print the legal name of the person who originally filed the case on line 5. This person is the petitioner because he/she is the one who filed the original petition.
- Line 6 Type or print the other party's legal name on line 6. The other party is the respondent because he/she is responding to the petition.

Some forms require that your signature be witnessed. If so, you must sign the form in the presence of a <u>notary public</u> or deputy clerk (employee of the clerk of the court's office). When signing the form, you must have a valid photo identification unless the notary knows you personally. You should completely fill in all lines (1 & 3–8) except 2 with the requested information, if applicable. Line 2, the signature line,

must be signed in the presence of the <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk.DO</u> NOT SIGN OR FILL IN THE PART OF THE FORM WHICH ASKS FOR THE NOTARY'S OR CLERK'S SIGNATURE. This section of the form is to be completed by either the deputy clerk or the notary public who is witnessing your signature.

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this petition and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated: (1) (2)	2
	Signature of Petitioner Printed Name: (3)
	Address:
	City, State, Zip: (5)
華本華 達進 医压制分配 医生活 合力	Telephone Number: (6)
	Fax Number: (7)
名。隨著這一個問題,這每一個的 新兴的新兴的知识。	Designated E-mail Address(es):(8)
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on	by
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	4. 배 - 개발한 사람들은 하고 있는 것이 되었다. 그 이 이 이 기를 받는 것이 되었다. 지원 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	(Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk.)
Personally known Produced identification Type of identification produced	

<u>Non-lawyer Clause.</u> The section below should be completed by anyone who helps you fill out these forms but is not an attorney who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar, which means that he or she is not licensed to practice law in Florida.

IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for the: {either Petitioner or Respondent; or Husband or Wife} This form was completed with the assistance of:

General Information for Self-Represented Litigants (02/18)

(name of individua))	Land to the state of the state of	<u> Sagraga da Baratar</u>	<u> </u>	. <u>.</u>
{name of business}		(2)			<u> </u>
{address}	(3)			
(citv) (4)	,{state} (5	\ \{zip cod	le)(6)ftelephon	e number) (.7	1. 3°. •

Line 1 The <u>nonlawyer</u> who helps you should type or print his or her name on line 1.

Lines 2–7 The nonlawyer's business name, address, (including street, city, state, zip code, and telephone number) should be typed or printed on lines 2–7.

In addition, a **Disclosure from No**nlawyer, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), should be completed if a nonlawyer assists you. The disclosure is available as a family law form and should be completed before the nonlawyer helps you. This is to be sure that you understand the role and limitations of a nonlawyer. You and the nonlawyer should keep a copy of this disclosure for your records.

FAMILY LAW GLOSSARY OF COMMON TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

Note: The following definitions are intended to be helpful, BUT they are not intended to constitute legal advice or address every possible meaning of the term(s) contained in this glossary.

Affidavit - a written statement in which the facts stated are sworn or affirmed to be true.

Alimony-spousal support which may be ordered by the court in a proceeding for dissolution of marriage. Types of alimony include: bridge-the-gap, durational, rehabilitative, or retroactive, and may be either temporary or permanent. The court may order periodic payments, payments in lump sum, or both. In determining whether to award alimony, the court must determine whether either party has an actual need for alimony and whether the other party has the ability to pay. The court must consider the factors set forth in section 61.08, Florida Statutes, and must make certain written findings. An alimony award may not leave the paying party with significantly less net income than that of the receiving party without written findings of exceptional circumstances.

Answer - written response by a respondent that states whether he or she admits (agrees with) or denies (disagrees with) the allegations in the petition. Any allegations not specifically denied are considered to be admitted.

Appeal - asking a district court of appeal to review the decision in your case. There are strict procedural and time requirements for filing an appeal.

Asset - everything owned by you or your spouse, including property, cars, furniture, bank accounts, jewelry, life insurance policies, businesses, or retirement plans. An asset may be marital or nonmarital, but that distinction is for the court to determine if you and your spouse do not agree.

Attorney - a person with special education and training in the field of law who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar and licensed to practice law in Florida. An attorney is the only person who is allowed to give you legal advice. An attorney may file your case and represent you in court, or just advise you of your rights before you file your own case. In addition to advising you of your rights, an attorney may tell you what to expect and help prepare you for court. In family law matters, you are not entitled to a court-appointed lawyer, like a public defender in a criminal case. However, legal assistance is often available for those who are unable to hire a private attorney. You may consult the yellow pages of the telephone directory for a listing of legal aid or lawyer referral services in your area, or ask your local clerk of court or family law intake staff what services are available in your area. You may also obtain information from the Florida Supreme Court's Internet site located at http://www.flcourts.org.

Bond - money paid to the clerk of court by one party in a case, to be held and paid to an enjoined party in the event that the first party causes loss or damage of property as a result of wrongfully enjoining the other party.

Beneficiary Designation-Florida law provides that a beneficiary designation made by or on behalf of a party providing for the payment or transference of an asset or benefit upon his or her death to the other spouse is void when the final judgment dissolving or declaring a marriage invalid is signed, unless the final judgment specifically states otherwise. Federal law and other statutory provisions may also apply. This includes, but is not limited to, such assets as life insurance policies, annuities, employee benefit plans, individual retirement accounts, and payable-on-death accounts. Whether or not to continue a beneficiary designation is a complex area of the law and you may wish to consult with an attorney.

Bridge-the-Gap Alimony-spousal support which is ordered to assist a party to make the transition from being married to being single. Bridge-the-Gap alimony is designed to assist a party with legitimate, identifiable short-time needs; its length cannot exceed two years and it cannot be modified.

Central Depository-the office of the clerk of court that is responsible for collecting and disbursing court ordered alimony and child support payments. The depository also keeps payment records and files judgments if support is not paid.

Certificate of Service - a document that must be filed whenever a form you are using does not contain a statement for you to fill in showing to whom you are sending copies of the form. Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914 is the certificate of service form and contains additional instructions.

Certified Copy - a copy of an order or final judgment, certified by the clerk of the circuit court to be an authentic copy.

Certified Mail - mail which requires the receiving party to sign as proof that they received it.

Child Support - money paid from one parent to the other for the benefit of their dependent or minor child(ren).

Clerk of the Circuit Court - elected official in whose office papers are filed, a case number is assigned, and case files are maintained. The clerk's office usually is located in the county courthouse.

Concurrent Custody-(for the purposes of a petition filed pursuant to chapter 751, Florida Statutes) means that an eligible extended family member is awarded custodial rights to care for a child or children concurrently with the child(ren)'s parent or parents.

Constructive Service - notification of the other party by newspaper publication or posting of notice at designated places when the other party cannot be located for personal service. You may also be able to use constructive service when the other party lives in another state. Constructive service is also called "service by publication." However, when constructive service is used, the relief the Court may grant is limited; that relief cannot include either alimony or child support. For more information on service, see the instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Forms 12.910(a) and 12.913(b) and Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Forms 12.913(a)(1) and (2).

Contested Issues - any or all issues upon which the parties are unable to agree and which must be resolved by the judge at a hearing or trial.

Contingent Asset - an asset that you may receive or get later, such as income, tax refund, accrued vacation or sick leave, a bonus, or an inheritance.

Contingent Liability - a liability that you may owe later, such as payments for lawsuits, unpaid taxes, or debts that you have agreed or guaranteed to pay if someone else does not.

Counterpetition - a written request to the court for legal action, which is filed by a respondent after being served with a petition.

Custody Order – a judgment or order incorporating a Parenting Plan is a child custody determination for the purposes of the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, the International Child Abduction Remedies Act, 42 U.S.C. ss. 11601 et seq., the Parental Kidnapping Prevention Act, and the Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction enacted at the Hague on October 25, 1980.

Default - a failure of a party to respond to the pleading of another party. This failure to respond may allow the court to decide the case without input from the party who did not appear or respond.

Delinquent - late.

Dependent Child(ren) - child(ren) who depend on their parent(s) for support either because they are under the age of 18, have a mental or physical disability that prevents them from supporting themselves, or are in high school, between the ages of 18 and 19, and performing in good faith with a reasonable expectation of graduation before the age of 19.

Deputy Clerk - an employee of the office of the clerk of court, which is usually located in the county courthouse or a branch of the county courthouse.

Dissolution of Marriage - divorce; a court action to end a marriage.

Durational Alimony-spousal support which is ordered to provide economic assistance for a set period of time following a marriage of short or moderate duration or following a marriage of long duration if there is no ongoing need for support on a permanent basis. Durational alimony terminates upon the death of either party or upon remarriage of the party receiving support. It may be modified or terminated, but cannot exceed the length of a marriage.

Electronic Communication – Contact, other than face-to-face contact, facilitated by tools such as telephones, electronic mail or email, webcams, video-conferencing equipment and software or other wired or wireless technologies, or other means of communication to supplement fact-to face contact between a parent and that parent's minor child.

Enjoined - prohibited by the court from doing a specific act.

Ex Parte - communication with the judge by only one party. In order for a judge to speak with either party, the other party must have been properly notified and have an opportunity to be heard. If you have something you wish to tell the judge, you should ask for a hearing or file information in the clerk of court's office, with certification that a copy was sent to the other party.

Extended Family Member-(for the purposes of a petition filed pursuant to chapter 751, Florida Statutes) is a person who is either:

- 1) A relative of a minor child within the third degree by blood or marriage to the parent; OR
- 2) The stepparent of a minor child if the stepparent is currently married to the parent of the child and is not a party in a pending dissolution, separate maintenance, domestic violence, or other civil or criminal proceeding in any court of competent jurisdiction involving one or both of the child's parents as an adverse party.

Family Law Intake Staff - a court's employee(s) who is (are) available to assist you in filing a family law case. Family law intake staff are not attorneys and cannot give legal advice. They may only assist you with filling out the form(s). Your local clerk's office can tell you if your county has such assistance available.

Filing - delivering a petition, response, motion, or other pleading in a court case to the clerk of court's office.

Filing Fee - an amount of money, set by law, that the petitioner must pay when filing a case. If you cannot afford to pay the fee, you must file an Application for Determination of Civil Indigent Status, to ask the clerk to file your case without payment of the fee. This form can be obtained from the clerk's office.

Final Hearing - trial in your case.

Financial Affidavit - a sworn statement that contains information regarding your income, expenses, assets, and liabilities.

Final Judgment - a written document signed by a judge and recorded in the clerk of the circuit court's office that contains the judge's decision in your case.

Guardian ad Litem - a neutral person who may be appointed by the court to evaluate or investigate your child's situation, and file a report with the court about what is in the best interests of your child(ren). Guardians do not "work for" either party. The guardian may interview the parties, visit their homes,

visit the child(ren)'s school(s) and speak with teachers, or use other resources to make their recommendation.

Hearing - a legal proceeding before a judge or designated officer (general magistrate or hearing officer) on a motion.

Health Insurance-coverage under a fee-for-service arrangement, health care maintenance organization, or preferred provider organization, and other types of coverage available to either parent, under which medical services could be provided to a minor or dependent child.

Judge - an elected official who is responsible for deciding matters on which you and the other parties in your case are unable to agree. A judge is a neutral person who is responsible for ensuring that your case is resolved in a manner which is fair, equitable, and legal. A judge is prohibited by law from giving you or the other party any legal advice, recommendations, or other assistance, and may not talk to either party unless both parties are present, represented, or at a properly scheduled hearing.

Judicial Assistant - the judge's personal staff assistant.

Liabilities - everything owed by you or your spouse, including mortgages, credit cards, or car loans. A liability may be marital or nonmarital, but that distinction is for the court to determine if you and your spouse do not agree.

Lump Sum Alimony - money ordered to be paid by one spouse to another in a limited number of payments, often a single payment.

Mandatory Disclosure - items that must be disclosed by both parties except those exempted from disclosure by Florida Family Law Rule 12.285.

Marital Asset - generally, anything that you and/or your spouse acquired or received (by gift or purchase) during the marriage. For example, something you owned before your marriage may be nonmarital. An asset may only be determined to be marital by agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Marital Liability - generally, any debt that you and/or your spouse incurred during the marriage. A debt may only be determined to be nonmarital by agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Mediator - a person who is trained and certified to assist parties in reaching an agreement before going to court. Mediators do not take either party's side and are not allowed to give legal advice. They are only responsible for helping the parties reach an agreement and putting that agreement into writing. In some areas, mediation of certain family law cases may be required before going to court.

Modification - a change made by the court in an order or final judgment.

Motion - a request made to the court, other than a petition.

No Contact - a court order directing a party not speak to, call, send mail to, visit, or go near his or her spouse, ex-spouse, child(ren), or other family member.

Nonlawyer - a person who is not a member in good standing of The Florida Bar.

Nonmarital Asset - generally, anything owned separately by you or your spouse. An asset may only be determined to be nonmarital by either agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Nonmarital Liability - generally, any debt that you or your spouse incurred before your marriage or since your separation. A debt may only be determined to be nonmarital by either agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Nonparty - a person who is not the petitioner or respondent in a court case.

Notary Public - a person authorized to witness signatures on court related forms.

Obligee - a person to whom money, such as child support or alimony, is owed.

Obligor - a person who is ordered by the court to pay money, such as child support or alimony.

General Information for Self-Represented Litigants (02/18)

Order - a written decision, signed by a judge and filed in the clerk of the circuit court's office that contains the judge's decision on part of your case, usually on a motion.

Original Petition - see Petition.

Parenting Course - a class that teaches parents how to help their child(ren) cope with divorce and other family issues.

Parenting Plan — a document created to govern the relationship between the parents relating to the decisions that must be made regarding the minor child(ren). The Parenting Plan must contain a time-sharing schedule for the parents and child(ren) and shall address the issues concerning the minor child(ren). The issues concerning the minor child(ren) may include, but are not limited to, the child(ren)'s education, health care, and physical, social, and emotional well-being. In creating the Plan, all circumstances between the parents, including their historic relationship, domestic violence, and other factors must be taken into consideration. The Parenting Plan must be developed and agreed to by the parents and approved by the court. If the parents cannot agree to a Parenting Plan, or if the parents agreed to a plan that is not approved by the court, a Parenting Plan will be established by the court with or without the use of parenting plan recommendations.

Parenting Plan Recommendation — A nonbinding recommendation concerning one or more elements of a Parenting Plan made by a court-appointed mental health practitioner or other professional designated pursuant to either section 61.20 or 61.401, Florida Statutes, or Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.363.

Party - a person involved in a court case, either as a petitioner or respondent.

Paternity Action - A lawsuit used to determine whether a designated individual is the father of a specific child or children.

Payor - an employer or other person who provides income to an obligor.

Permanent Alimony - spousal support ordered to provide for the needs and necessities of life as they were established during the marriage for a party who lacks the financial ability to meet his or her needs and necessities after dissolution of marriage. Permanent alimony is paid at a specified, periodic rate until: modification by a court order; the death of either party; or the remarriage of the party receiving alimony, whichever occurs first. Permanent alimony requires consideration of the factors set forth in section 61.08(2), Florida Statutes, and must include certain written findings by the court.

Personal Service - when a summons and a copy of a petition (or other pleading) that has been filed with the court are delivered by a deputy sheriff or private process server to the other party. Personal service is required for all petitions and supplemental petitions.

Petition - a written request to the court for legal action, which begins a court case,

Petitioner - the person who originally files a petition that begins a court case. The Petitioner remains the Petitioner throughout the duration of the case.

Pleading - a formal, written statement of exactly what a party wants the court to do in a lawsuit or court action.

Pro Se or Self-Represented Litigant - a person who appears in court without the assistance of a lawyer.

Pro Se Coordinator - see Family Law Intake Staff.

Rehabilitative Alimony - spousal support ordered to be paid for a limited period of time to allow one of the parties an opportunity to complete a plan of education or training, according to a rehabilitative plan accepted by the court, so that he or she may better support himself or herself after dissolution of marriage.

Relocation- a change in the location of the principal residence of a parent or other person in accordance with section 61.13001, Florida Statutes.

Respondent - the person who is served with a petition requesting some legal action against him or her. The Respondent remains the Respondent throughout the duration of the case.

Scientific Paternity Testing - a medical test to determine the biological father of a child

Service - the delivery of legal documents to a party. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Shared Parental Responsibility - an arrangement under which both parents have full parental rights and responsibilities for their child(ren), and the parents make major decisions affecting the welfare of the child(ren) jointly. Shared Parental Responsibility is presumptive in Florida.

Sole Parental Responsibility - a parenting arrangement under which the responsibility for the minor child(ren) is given to one parent by the court, with or without rights of time-sharing to the other parent.

State Disbursement Unit- the unit established and operated by the Title IV-D agency to provide one central address for the collection and disbursement of child support payments made in both Department of Revenue and non-Department of Revenue cases, in which the obligation is paid through an income deduction order.

Supervised Time-Sharing- a parenting arrangement under which time-sharing between a parent and his or her child(ren) is supervised by either a friend, family member, or a supervised visitation center.

Supplemental Petition - a petition that may be filed by either party after the judge has made a decision in a case and a final judgment or order has been entered. For example, a supplemental petition may be used to request that the court modify the previously entered final judgment or order.

Supportive Relationship-a relationship, defined in section 61.14(1)(b)1, Florida Statutes, existing between an obligee who receives alimony and a person with whom that obligee resides.

Time-Sharing Schedule – a timetable that must be included in the Parenting Plan that specifies the time, including overnights and holidays that a minor child or children will spend with each parent. The time-sharing schedule shall either be developed and agreed to by the parents of a minor child or children and is approved by the court, or established by the court if the parents cannot agree, or if their agreed-upon schedule is not approved by the court.

Trial - the final hearing in a contested case.

Uncontested - any and all issues on which the parties are able to agree and which are part of a marital settlement agreement.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.928 COVER SHEET FOR FAMILY COURT CASES (02/24)

When should this form be used?

The Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases and the information contained in it does not replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other documents as required by law. This form shall be filed by the petitioner/party opening or reopening a case for the use of the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> for the purpose of reporting judicial workload data pursuant to Florida Statutes section 25.075.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. The petitioner must <u>file</u> this cover sheet with the first pleading or motion filed to open or reopen a case in all domestic and juvenile cases.

What should I do next?

Follow these instructions for completing the form:

- Case Style. Enter the name of the court, the appropriate case number assigned at the time
 of filing of the original petition, the name of the judge assigned (if applicable), and the name
 (last, first, middle initial) of the petitioner(s) and respondent(s).
- II. Type of Action /Proceeding. Place a check beside the proceeding you are initiating. If you are filing more than one type of proceeding, (such as a modification and an enforcement proceeding) against the same party at the same time, then you must complete a separate cover sheet for each action being filed.
 - (A) Initial Action/Petition
 - (B) Reopening Case. If you check "Reopening Case," indicate whether you are filing a modification or supplemental petition or an action for enforcement by placing a check beside the appropriate action/petition.
 - 1. Modification/Supplemental Petition
 - 2. Motion for Civil Contempt/ Enforcement
 - 3. Other All reopening actions not involving modification/supplemental petitions or petition enforcement.
- III. Type of Case. Place a check beside the appropriate case. If the case fits more than one category, select the most definitive. Definitions of the categories are provided below.
 - (A) Simplified Dissolution of Marriage- petitions for the termination of marriage pursuant to Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.105.
 - (B) Dissolution of Marriage petitions for the termination of marriage pursuant to Chapter

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (02/24)

- (C) 61, Florida Statutes, other than simplified dissolution.
- (D) Domestic Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against domestic violence pursuant to section 741.30, Florida Statutes.
- (E) Dating Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against dating violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (F) Repeat Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against repeat violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (G) Sexual Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against sexual violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (H) Stalking-all matters relating to injunctions for protection against stalking pursuant to section 784.0485, Florida Statutes
- (I) Support IV-D all matters relating to child or spousal support in which an application for assistance has been filed with the Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement under Title IV-D, Social Security Act, except for such matters relating to dissolution of marriage petitions (sections 409.2564, 409.2571, and 409.2597, Florida Statutes), paternity, or UIFSA.
- (J) Support-Non IV-D all matters relating to child or spousal support in which an application for assistance has **not** been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (K) UIFSA- IV-D all matters relating to Chapter 88, Florida Statutes, in which an application for assistance has been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (L) UIFSA Non IV-D all matters relating to Chapter 88, Florida Statutes, in which an application for assistance has **not** been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (M) Support for Dependent Adult Children all matters related to support of a dependent adult child.
- (N) Other Family Court all matters involving time-sharing and/or parenting plans relating to minor child(ren), support unconnected with dissolution of marriage, annulment, delayed birth certificates pursuant to Florida Statutes section 382.0195, expedited affirmation of parental status pursuant to Florida Statutes section 742.16, termination of parental rights proceedings pursuant to Florida Statutes section 63.087, declaratory judgment actions related to premarital, marital, post-marital agreements, or other matters not included in the categories above.
- (O) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 63 all matters relating to adoption pursuant to Chapter 63, Florida Statutes, excluding any matters arising out of Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (P) Name Change all matters relating to name change, pursuant to section 68.07, Florida Statutes.
- (Q) Paternity/Disestablishment of Paternity all matters relating to paternity pursuant to Chapter 742, Florida Statutes.
- (R) Juvenile Delinquency all matters relating to juvenile delinquency pursuant to Chapter 985, Florida Statutes.
- (S) Petition for Dependency all matters relating to petitions for dependency.
- (T) Shelter Petition all matters relating to shelter petitions pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (U) Termination of Parental Rights Arising Out Of Chapter 39 all matters relating to

- (V) termination of parental rights pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (W) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 39 all matters relating to adoption pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (X) CINS/FINS all matters relating to children in need of services (and families in need of services) pursuant to Chapter 984, Florida Statutes.
- (Y) Petition for Temporary or Concurrent Custody by Extended Family-all matters relating to petitions for temporary or concurrent custody pursuant to Chapter 751.
- (Z) Emancipation of a Minor-all matters relating to emancipation of a minor pursuant to Chapter 743.

ATTORNEY OR PARTY SIGNATURE. Sign the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases. Print legibly the name of the person signing the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases. Attorneys must include a Florida Bar number. Insert the date the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases is signed. Signature is a certification that filer has provided accurate information on the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases.

Nonlawyer Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

A copy of this form must be filed with the court and served on the other party or his or her attorney. The copy you are serving to the other party must be either mailed, e-mailed, or hand-delivered to the opposing party or his or her attorney on the same day indicated on the certificate of service. If it is mailed, it must be postmarked on the date indicated in the certificate of service.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so. If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (02/24)

review Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by email, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please CAREFULLY read the rules and instructions for: Certificate of Service (General), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. For further information, see Rule 12.100, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

COVER SHEET FOR FAMILY COURT CASES

I.	Case Style
	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR COUNTY, FLORIDA
	Case No.: Judge:
	Petitioner,
	and
_	Respondent.
II.	Type of Action/Proceeding. Place a check beside the proceeding you are initiating. If you are filing more than one type of proceeding (such as a modification and an enforcement proceeding) against the same party at the same time, then you must complete a separate cover sheet for each action being filed. If you are reopening a case, choose one of the three options below it.
	(A) Initial Action/Petition (B) Reopening Case 1 Modification/Supplemental Petition 2 Motion for Civil Contempt/Enforcement 3 Other
III.	Type of Case. If the case fits more than one type of case, select the most definitive.
	(A) Simplified Dissolution of Marriage (B) Dissolution of Marriage (C) Domestic Violence (D) Dating Violence (E) Repeat Violence (F) Sexual Violence (G) Stalking (H) Support IV-D (Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement) (I) Support Non-IV-D (not Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement)
	 (J) UIFSA IV-D (Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement) (K) UIFSA Non-IV-D (not Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement) (L) Support for Dependent Adult Children – all matters related to support of a dependent adult child.
	(M) Other Family Court (N) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 63

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (02/24)

	Name Change	
(0)	Paternity/Disestablishment of P	aternity
	Juvenile Delinquency	
	Petition for Dependency	
	Shelter Petition	
	Termination of Parental Rights /	
	Adoption Arising Out Of Chapte	r 39
	CINS/FINS) Petition for Temporary or Conc	urrant Custody by Extanded Family
	Emancipation of a Minor	arrent Custody by Extended Family
(//)	Emancipation of a Willion	
For self	m, Family Law Form 12.900(h), be file	o related cases exist.
	_	
ATTOR	NEY OR PARTY SIGNATURE	
	L CERTIFY About the information Library	
		e provided in this cover sheet is accurate to the best of m
knowla	adge and heliet	
knowle	edge and belief.	
knowle	edge and belief.	
	ıre	FL Bar No.:
		FL Bar No.:(Bar number, if attorney)
	ıre	
	are Attorney or party	(Bar number, if attorney)
	ıre	
	Attorney or party (Type or print name)	(Bar number, if attorney)
	are Attorney or party	(Bar number, if attorney)
	Attorney or party (Type or print name)	(Bar number, if attorney)
Signatu	Attorney or party (Type or print name) Date	(Bar number, if attorney) (E-mail Address(es))
Signatu IF A NC	Attorney or party (Type or print name) Date DNLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THI	(Bar number, if attorney)
Signatu IF A NC all blan	Attorney or party (Type or print name) Date DNLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THINKS]	(Bar number, if attorney) (E-mail Address(es))
Signatu IF A NC all blan This for	Attorney or party (Type or print name) Date DNLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THINKS]	(Bar number, if attorney) (E-mail Address(es)) S FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in one]Petitioner Respondent
Signatu IF A NC all blan This for This for	Attorney or party (Type or print name) Date DNLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THINKS] rm was prepared for the: {choose only rm was completed with the assistance of individual}	(Bar number, if attorney) (E-mail Address(es)) S FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in one] Petitioner Respondent of:
IF A NO all blan This for Iname {name	Attorney or party (Type or print name) Date DNLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THINKS] rm was prepared for the: {choose only rm was completed with the assistance of individual} of business}	(Bar number, if attorney) (E-mail Address(es)) S FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in one] Petitioner Respondent of:
Signatu IF A NO all blan This for Inis for Iname Iname	Attorney or party (Type or print name) Date DNLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THINKS] rm was prepared for the: {choose only rm was completed with the assistance of individual} of business} sss}	(Bar number, if attorney) (E-mail Address(es)) S FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in one] Petitioner Respondent of:
Signatu IF A NO all blan This for Inis for Iname Iname Iname	Attorney or party (Type or print name) Date DNLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THINKS] rm was prepared for the: {choose only rm was completed with the assistance of individual} of business} sss}	(Bar number, if attorney) (E-mail Address(es)) S FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in one] Petitioner Respondent of:

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (02/24)

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR SANTA ROSA COUNTY, STATE OF FLORIDA

······································	Case #:
a minor.	
PETITION FOR E	MANCIPATION OF A MINOR
1. Petitioner,	, whose address is
nd whose relationship to the above minor is	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
etitions this Court to remove the disabilities	s of nonage of the above minor.
2. The minor,ninor's date of birth is	, is 16 years of age or older. The
3. The minor currently resides atas a mailing address of	, and
4. The minor is a resident of	County, Florida.
5. The parents of the above minor arewhose residence is	, Father, and
whose mailing address is:	,
and, M	other, whose residence is
	ailing address is:

6. The name, date of birth, custody and location of any children born to the mino
are as follows:
Name:
Date of Birth:
Custody and location:
(Attach extra sheet if there are additional children.)
7. The minor's character, habits, education, income, and mental capacity for
business are as follows:
8. The minor's needs with respect to food, shelter, clothing, medical care, and
Other necessities will be met as follows:

9. With respect to whether the minor is a party to or subject of a pending judicial proceeding in this State or any other jurisdiction or the subject of a judicial order
of any description issued in connection with such judicial proceeding, such as a child
support order, custody or visitation order or guardianship: (check only one)
The minor is not a party or subject to pending judicial proceedings.
The minor is a party to or subject to a pending judicial proceeding,
namely,
(note the nature of proceedings, case number, court/jurisdiction where case is pending, and names and address of parties).
10. The disabilities of nonage should be removed from the minor for the following Reason:
11. The above minor has joined in this petition and consents to the Court granting an Order of Emancipation as indicated and evidenced by the minor's signature on this
petition.
WHEREFORE, the Petitioner and the Minor request that this Court enter an Order of Emancipation removing the disabilities of nonage of said Minor.

Signed this	day of	, 20	
Signature of Petitioner			
Printed name of Petition	ner		
Street Address of Petitic	oner		
City/State/Zip of Petitio	oner		
STATE OF FLORIDA, COUNTY OF			
	he undersigned autho		earede me that he/she is the
Petitioner in the above leading person is person	Petition for Emancipa	tion of a Minor and	executed the same, and
Witness my han	nd and official seal thi	s day of	, 20
Notary Public/Deputy C	Clerk	-	
	CON	SENT BY MINOR	L
I,Court of an Order of Er adult.	, the abornancipation and I am	ve named minor, co fully ready to assur	ensent to the entry by this me my responsibilities as an
Signed this	day of	, 20	
Minor's signature		-	
Minor's printed name		-	

Minor's street address
·
Minor's City/State/Zip
STATE OF FLORIDA
COUNTY OF
BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared
, who has acknowledged before me that he/she is the
Minor that is the subject of the Petition for Emancipation of a Minor and that he/she
executed the foregoing Consent, and said person is personally known OR produced identification:
Witness my hand and official seal this day of, 20
Notary Public/Deputy Clerk

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.900(a) DISCLOSURE FROM NONLAWYER (11/12)

When should this form be used?

This form must be used when anyone who is **not** a lawyer in good standing with The Florida Bar helps you complete any Florida Family Law Form. Attorneys who are licensed to practice in other states but not Florida, or who have been disbarred or suspended from the practice of law in Florida, are nonlawyers for the purposes of the Florida Family Law Forms and instructions.

The nonlawyer must complete this form and both of you are to sign it before the nonlawyer assists you in completing any Family Law Form.

In addition, on any other form with which a nonlawyer helps you, the nonlawyer shall complete the nonlawyer section located at the bottom of the form unless otherwise specified in the instructions to the form. This is to protect you and be sure that you are informed in advance of the nonlawyer's limitations.

What should I do next?

A copy of this disclosure, signed by both the nonlawyer and the person, must be given to the person to retain and the nonlawyer must keep a copy in the person's file. The nonlawyer shall also keep copies for at least 6 years of all forms given to the person being assisted.

Special Notes

This disclosure form does **NOT** act as or constitute a waiver, disclaimer, or limitation of liability.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), Disclosure from Nonlawyer (11/12)

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THEIN AND FOR	
	Case No.:
Petitioner,	
and	
, Respondent.	
DISCLOSURE F	FROM NONLAWYER
{Name} and may not give legal advice, cannot tell me what my in court, and cannot represent me in court.	told me that he/she is a nonlawyer rights or remedies are, cannot tell me how to testify
Rule 10-2.1(b) of the Rules Regulating The Flounder the supervision of a member of The Florida Bar legal work for which a member of The Florida Bar is may call themselves paralegals. <i>[Name]</i> defined by the rule and cannot call himself/herself a	responsible. Only persons who meet the definition, informed me that he/she is not a paralegal as
by me in writing into the blanks on the form. Except f	/she may only type the factual information provided for typing, {name},
may not tell me what to put in the form and may not approved by the Supreme Court of Florida, {name}_	complete the form for me. However, if using a form
may ask me factual questions to fill in the blanks on t	he form and may also tell me how to file the form.
{Choose one only} I can read English I cannot read English, but this disclosure was {name} in {language}	read to me [fill in both blanks] by ge}, which I understand.
Dated:	
	Signature of Party
	Signature of NONLAWYER
	Printed Name:Name of Business:
	Address:

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.915

DESIGNATION OF CURRENT MAILING AND E-MAIL ADDRESS (08/23)

When should this form be used?

This form should be used to inform the clerk and the other <u>party</u> of your current mailing and e-mail address(es) or **any change of address**. It is very important that the court and the other party in your case have your correct address.

A party not represented by an attorney is required to designate a primary e-mail address for **service** unless excused pursuant to Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516(b)(1)(D). A primary and up to two secondary e-mail addresses can be designated. If you do so and the other party is represented by an attorney or has also designated e-mail address(es) for service, e-mail will be the **exclusive means of service.**

If there is any change in your mailing or e-mail address(es), you must complete a new form, file it with the clerk, and serve a copy on any other party or parties in your case.

What should I do next?

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should **file** the original with the **clerk of the circuit court** in the county where your case is filed and keep a copy for your records. A copy of this form must be served on any other party in your case. **Service** must be in accordance with Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so. If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration now require that all

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address (08/23)

documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration and you must review Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MUST SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL UNLESS EXCUSED BY THE CLERK. If a self-represented litigant has been excused from serving documents by e-mail and then elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once that election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in bold underline in these instructions are defined there.

Special notes...

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF TH	HE JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA
	Case No.:
Datitionar	
Petitioner,	
and	
Respondent.	
DECICNATION OF CUD	RENT MAILING AND E-MAIL ADDRESS
DESIGNATION OF COR	RENT MAILING AND E-MAIL ADDRESS
I, {full legal name},	, certify that:
	MAILING ADDRESS:
My current mailing address is:	
{Street or Post Office Box}	
{Apartment, lot, etc.}	
{City},	, {State},, {Zip}
{Telephone No.}	{Fax No.}
	E-MAIL ADDRESS:
The following is/are my e-mail address(es	s) for purposes of serving and receiving documents:
Primary e-mail address:	
Secondary e-mail address No.1:	
Socondary o mail address No. 3:	
Secondary e-mail address No. 2:	

I understand that I must keep the clerk's office and the opposing party or parties notified of my current mailing and e-mail address(es) and that all future papers in this lawsuit will be served at the address(es) on record at the clerk's office. I certify that a copy of this document was [check all used] () e-mailed () mailed () faxed () hand-delivered to the person(s) listed below on {date}	
Address:	
City, State, Zip:	- -
Telephone Number:	_
Fax Number:	_
E-mail Address(es):	_
CORRECT. I UNDERSTAND THAT THE STATEM	HIS DOCUMENT AND EACH STATEMENT IS TRUE AND MENTS MADE IN THIS DOCUMENT ARE BEING MADE PROVIDED IN SECTION 837.02, FLORIDA STATUTES. Signature of Petitioner Printed Name: Address: City, State, Zip: Telephone Number: Fax Number: Designated E-Mail Address(es):
[fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for the This form was completed with the assistance of <i>{name of individual}</i>	
{city},{state}, {zip code}	,{telephone number}

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.902(j), NOTICE OF SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER (06/18)

When should this form be used?

This form must be completed and filed by each party in all <u>paternity</u>, <u>child support</u>, and <u>dissolution of marriage</u> cases, regardless of whether the case involves a minor child(ren) and/or property.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where your case was filed and keep a copy for your records.

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

Under Rule 2.420 of the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration, Social Security Numbers are confidential; however, this information is required by the Florida Statutes. A Notice of Confidential Information within Court Filing must be filed with the Notice of Social Security Number. This Notice is an appendix to rule 2.420.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so. If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be mailed, e-mailed, or hand delivered to the other party in your case, if it is not **served** on him or her with your initial papers.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(j), Notice of Social Security Number (06/18)

Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you **must** review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in "bold underline" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see chapter 61, Florida Statutes.

Special notes...

If this is a domestic violence case and you want to keep your address confidential for safety reasons, do not enter the address, telephone, fax, or e-mail information at the bottom of this form. Instead, file a Request for Confidential Filing of Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(i).

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE _ IN AND FOR		
	Petitioner,	_	
and			
	Respondent.	_	
	NOTICE OF SOCIAL SE	CURITY N	IUMBER
my social security nu	Imber is My date of birth is	, as	, certify that required by the applicable section of
	ce is being filed in a dissolution of ndent child(ren) in common.	marriage ca	ase in which the parties have no minor
in which		ent childrer	case, or in a dissolution of marriage in common. The minor or dependent by number(s) is/are:
Name	Birth c	late	Social Security Number
{Attach additional po	ages if necessary.}		
Disclosure of social sprogram for child su		to the purp	ose of administration of the Title IV-D

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(j), Notice of Social Security Number (06/18)

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this notice and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated:	
	Signature of Party
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
	Designated E-mail Address(es):
STATE OF FLORIDA	
COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me of	on by
Date:	
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk]
Personally known Produced identification Type of identification produced	
[fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for This form was completed with the assistance {name of individual}	IS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: the: {choose only one} Petitioner Respondent of:,,
{address}	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	code}, {telephone number}

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.900(h), NOTICE OF RELATED CASES (02/24)

When should this form be used?

Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires the **petitioner** in a family law case to file with the court a notice of related cases, if any. Your circuit may also require this form to be filed even if there are no related cases. A case is considered related if:

- it involves the same parties, children, or issues and is pending when the family law case is filed; or
- it affects the court's jurisdiction to proceed; or
- an order in the related case may conflict with an order on the same issues in the new case; or
- an order in the new case may conflict with an order in the earlier case.

This form is used to provide the required notice to the court.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. It must be **filed** with the **clerk of the circuit court** with the initial pleading in the family law case.

What should I do next?

A copy of the form must be served on the presiding judge, either the chief judge or the family law administrative judge, and all parties in the related cases. You should also keep a copy for your records. **Service** must be in accordance with Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in "bold and underline" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.545(d).

Special notes . . .

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms **must** also put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (02/24)

JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, OUNTY, FLORIDA ase No.: ivision: y Florida Rule of General Practice and n or closed civil, criminal, guardianship y, or domestic relations case. A case ine parties, children, or issues and it is he court's jurisdiction to proceed; if an ine issues in the new case; or if an orderion.
ASES by Florida Rule of General Practice and n or closed civil, criminal, guardianship, or domestic relations case. A case in parties, children, or issues and it is the court's jurisdiction to proceed; if an e issues in the new case; or if an ordection.
ASES by Florida Rule of General Practice and n or closed civil, criminal, guardianship, or domestic relations case. A case in parties, children, or issues and it is the court's jurisdiction to proceed; if an e issues in the new case; or if an ordection.
ASES by Florida Rule of General Practice and n or closed civil, criminal, guardianship y, or domestic relations case. A case in parties, children, or issues and it is the court's jurisdiction to proceed; if an e issues in the new case; or if an ordection.
by Florida Rule of General Practice and n or closed civil, criminal, guardianship y, or domestic relations case. A case in parties, children, or issues and it is the court's jurisdiction to proceed; if an e issues in the new case; or if an ordection.
by Florida Rule of General Practice and n or closed civil, criminal, guardianship y, or domestic relations case. A case in parties, children, or issues and it is the court's jurisdiction to proceed; if an e issues in the new case; or if an ordection.
by Florida Rule of General Practice and n or closed civil, criminal, guardianship y, or domestic relations case. A case in parties, children, or issues and it is the court's jurisdiction to proceed; if an e issues in the new case; or if an ordection.
by Florida Rule of General Practice and n or closed civil, criminal, guardianship y, or domestic relations case. A case in parties, children, or issues and it is the court's jurisdiction to proceed; if an e issues in the new case; or if an ordection.
n or closed civil, criminal, guardianship y, or domestic relations case. A case in ne parties, children, or issues and it in the court's jurisdiction to proceed; if a ne issues in the new case; or if an order tion.
as if massassus).
es if necessary):
Dependent Adult Children
·
linquency
I+L
ILN
lth ify}
el

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (02/24)

Title of last Court Order/Judgment (if any):					
Date of Court Order/Judgment (if any):					
Deletionship of seese shoot all that apply					
Relationship of cases check all that apply]:	duan autama.				
	pending case involves same parties, children, or issues;				
may affect court's jurisdiction;					
order in related case may conflict with a					
order in this case may conflict with previ	ious order in related case.				
Statement as to the relationship of the cases:					
Related Case No. 2					
Case Name(s):					
Petitioner					
Respondent					
	Division:				
Type of Proceeding: [check all that apply]					
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Paternity				
	Adoption				
	Support for Dependent Adult Children				
Modification/Enforcement/Contempt Pr					
	Juvenile Delinquency				
Termination of Parental Rights					
Domestic/Sexual/Dating/Repeat					
Violence or Stalking Injunctions	Other {specify}				
State where case was decided or is pending: _	Florida Other: {specify}				
Name of Court where case was decided or is p	pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion				
County, Florida):					
Title of last Court Order/Judgment (if any):					
Date of Court Order/Judgment (if any):					
Relationship of cases check all that apply]:					
pending case involves same parties, child	dren, or issues.				
may affect court's jurisdiction;					
order in related case may conflict with a	n order in this case:				
order in this case may conflict with prev					
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
Statement as to the relationship of the cases:					

Relate	d Case No. 3	
Case N	ame(s):	
	ner	
Respor	ndent	
Case N	0.:	Division:
_		
	f Proceeding: [check all that apply]	
		Paternity
c		Adoption
		Support for Dependent Adult Children
	Modification/Enforcement/Contempt Pro	
Jı	uvenile Dependency	Juvenile Delinquency
		Criminal
	omestic/Sexual/Dating/Repeat	
V	iolence or Stalking Injunctions	Other {specify}
State v	where case was decided or is pending: _	Florida Other: {specify}
	-	ending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion
	y, Florida):	
Date o	Court Order/Judgment (II any):	
Dalatia	anabin of coordinate all that annual.	
	onship of cases check all that apply]:	lana antania.
	pending case involves same parties, child	iren, or issues;
	nay affect court's jurisdiction;	and an in Abia and
	order in related case may conflict with a	
o	order in this case may conflict with previ	ous order in related case.
Statem	nent as to the relationship of the cases:	
•	one only]	
	do not request coordination of litigation	
'	do request coordination of the following	g cases:
_		
- lahaak	all that apply?	
	all that apply] Assignment to one judge	
	, ,	rve judicial resources and promote an efficient
	etermination of these case because:	•
u.	etermination of these case because	

2.

3.

4.	. The Petitioner acknowledges a continuing dut state that could affect the current proceeding	ty to inform the court of any cases in this or any other.
Da	Pated:	
		Petitioner's Signature
		Printed Name:
		Address:
		City, State, Zip:
		Telephone Number:
		Fax Number:
		E-mail Address(es):
Sh ([ch jud	CERTIFY that I delivered a copy of this Notice of Interiff's Department or a certified process server) e-mailed () mailed () hand delivered, a continuous check all that apply] () judge assigned to new budge, () {name}	TE OF SERVICE Related Cases to theCounty for service on the Respondent, and [check all used] opy to {name}, who is the case, () chief judge or family law administrative a party to the related case, () {name} related case on {date}
		Signature of Petitioner/Attorney for Petitioner
		Printed Name:
		Address:
		City, State, Zip:
		Telephone Number:
		E-mail Address(es):
		Florida Bar Number:
[fi Th {ne {ne	fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for the { This form was completed with the assistance of: Iname of individual} Iname of business}	RM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: choose only one}: () Petitioner () Respondent. , {telephone number}
101		

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.902(k), NOTICE OF JOINT VERIFIED WAIVER OF FILING FINANCIAL AFFIDAVITS (10/23)

When should this form be used?

You should only complete this form if all of the following are true:

- 1. You have executed this form before you enter into any agreement or stipulation that would be dispositive of/resolve the matter pending before the court;
- 2. You have received a copy of the other party's fully executed and complete financial affidavit;
- 3. You have provided the other party with a copy of your fully executed and complete financial affidavit; and
- 4. You and the other party prefer to keep both financial affidavits private and do not want them to be filed with the court.

What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be filed with the court and served on the other party or his or her attorney. The copy you are serving on the other party must be either mailed, e-mailed, or hand-delivered to the opposing party or his or her attorney on the same day indicated on the certificate of service. If it is mailed, it must be postmarked on the date indicated in the certificate of service. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so. If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration, and you must review Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MUST SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL UNLESS OTHERWISE EXCUSED. If a self-represented litigant has been excused from serving documents by e-mail and then elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail address by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: Certificate of Service (General), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I find more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in "bold underline" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see section 61.30, Florida Statutes.

Special notes...

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out this form, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out this form also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE IN AND FOR	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, COUNTY, FLORIDA
		Case No.:
	Petitioner,	
	and	
	Respondent.	
NOTI	CE OF JOINT VERIFIED W	AIVER OF FILING FINANCIAL AFFIDAVITS
	tioner,, and the Res ce of Joint Verified Waiver of Filing F	spondent, (collectively "parties"), hereby file inancial Affidavits, as follows:
1.	The parties acknowledge that exbe necessary for future court pro	vidence of their current or past financial circumstances may oceedings.
2.		ach have provided the other with a fully executed and sworn with Florida Family Law Form 12.902(b) or 12.902(c), as
3.	The parties acknowledge that the remains solely with the parties.	ne responsibility to retain copies of all affidavits exchanged
4.	_	f the financial affidavit only applies to the current filing and any future filings. This waiver may be revoked by either party
that part	cy's financial affidavit or that of the c	er of Filing Financial Affidavits precludes any party from filing other party in the future if the financial condition of a party is clude a party from requesting the other party serve upon the ial affidavit in the future.
Under p	enalties of perjury, I declare that I h	nave read this document and the facts stated in it are true.
Printed I E-mail A	e of Petitioner Name:ddress:	
Address: City, Stat	 te. Zip:	

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(k), Notice of Joint Verified Waiver of Filing Financial Affidavits (10/23)

Telephone Number:	
Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I l	nave read this document and the facts stated in it are true.
Signature of Respondent	
Printed Name:	
E-mail Address:	
Address:	
City, State, Zip:	
Telephone Number:	
CERT	TIFICATE OF SERVICE
I certify that a copy of this document (date)	was [check all used] to the person(s) listed below on
Petitioner: () e-mailed () mailed () faxed () hand delivered
Attorney for Petitioner: () e-mailed	() mailed () faxed () hand delivered
Respondent : () e-mailed () maile	ed () faxed () hand delivered
Attorney for Respondent: () e-maile	ed () mailed () faxed () hand delivered
Other:	: () e-mailed () mailed () faxed () hand-delivered
	Signature of Filing Party or his/her Attorney
	Printed Name:
	E-mail Address(es):
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Florida Box Number:
	Florida Bar Number:

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.902(b) FAMILY LAW FINANCIAL AFFIDAVIT (SHORT FORM) (10/21)

When should this form be used?

This form should be used when you are involved in a family law case which requires a **financial affidavit** and your individual gross income is UNDER \$50,000 per year unless:

- (1) You are filing a simplified dissolution of marriage under rule 12.105 and both parties have waived the filing of a financial affidavit;
- (2) You have no minor children, no support issues, and have filed a written settlement agreement disposing of all financial issues; or
- (3) The court lacks jurisdiction to determine any financial issues.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. You should <u>file</u> this document with the <u>clerk of the</u> <u>circuit court</u> in the county where the <u>petition</u> was filed and keep a copy for your records.

What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be filed with the court and served on the other party or his or her attorney in your case within 45 days of being served with the petition, if it is not served on him or her with your initial papers. The copy you are serving to the other party must be either mailed, e-mailed, or hand-delivered to the opposing party or his or her attorney on the same day indicated on the certificate of service. If it is mailed, it must be postmarked on the date indicated in the certificate of service. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b), Family Law Financial Affidavit (Short Form) (10/21)

electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by email, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please CAREFULLY read the rules and instructions for: Certificate of Service (General), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in "bold underline" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.285.

Special notes . . .

If you want to keep your address confidential because you have been found by a judge to be the victim of sexual battery, aggravated child abuse, aggravated stalking, harassment, aggravated battery, or domestic violence, do not enter the address, telephone, and fax information at the bottom of this form. Instead, file **Request for Confidential Filing of Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(h).

The affidavit must be completed using **monthly** income and expense amounts. If you are paid or your bills are due on a schedule which is not monthly, you must convert those amounts. Hints are provided below for making these conversions.

Hourly - If you are paid by the hour, you may convert your income to monthly as follows:

Hourly amount	X	Hours worked per week	=	Weekly amount
Weekly amount	X	52 Weeks per year	=	Yearly amount
Yearly amount	÷	12 Months per year	=	Monthly Amount
Daily - If you are paid	by the d	ay, you may convert your i	ncome	to monthly as follows:
Daily amount	Х	Days worked per week	=	Weekly amount
Weekly amount	Х	52 Weeks per year	=	Yearly amount
Yearly amount	÷	12 Months per year	=	Monthly Amount
Weekly - If you are paid by the week, you may convert your income to monthly as follows:				
Weekly amount	Х	52 Weeks per year	=	Yearly amount

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b), Family Law Financial Affidavit (Short Form) (10/21)

Yearly amount ÷ 12 Months per year = Monthly Amount

Bi-weekly - If you are paid every two weeks, you may convert your income to monthly as follows:

Bi-weekly amount x 26 = Yearly amount Yearly amount ÷ 12 Months per year = **Monthly Amount**

Semi-monthly - If you are paid twice per month, you may convert your income to monthly as follows:

Semi-monthly amount x 2 = Monthly Amount

Expenses may be converted in the same manner.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
	IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA
		Case No.:
		Division:
	Petitioner,	
and	Petitioner,	
una		
	Respondent.	
	FAMILY LAW FINANCIAL	AFFIDAVIT (SHORT FORM)
		dual Gross Annual Income)
I, {fui	II legal name}	, being sworn, certify that the following
	mation is true:	Employed by:
	ness Address:	
		very other week () twice a month () monthly
	other:	very other week () twice a month () monthly
(Check here if unemployed and explain on a se	parate sheet your efforts to find employment.
	TION I. PRESENT MONTHLY GROSS INCOME:	
anytl		ions with this form to figure out money amounts for paper, if needed. Items included under "other" should
1. \$	5 Monthly gross salary or wages	
2.	Monthly bonuses, commissions, allow	vances, overtime, tips, and similar payments
3	Monthly business income from source	es such as self-employment, partnerships, close
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	intracts (gross receipts minus ordinary and necessary e) (Attach sheet itemizing such income and expenses.)
4	Monthly disability benefits/SSI	
5	Monthly Workers' Compensation	
6	Monthly Unemployment Compensat	ion
7	Monthly pension, retirement, or ann	uity payments
8	Monthly Social Security benefits	
9	Monthly alimony actually received (A	dd 9a and 9b)
	9a. From this case: \$	
	9b. From other case(s): \$	

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b), Family Law Financial Affidavit (Short Form) (10/21)

10.		Monthly interest and dividends
11.		Monthly rental income (gross receipts minus ordinary and necessary expenses required to produce income) (Attach sheet itemizing such income and expense items.)
12.		Monthly income from royalties, trusts, or estates
13.		Monthly reimbursed expenses and in-kind payments to the extent that they reduce personal living expenses
14.		Monthly gains derived from dealing in property (not including nonrecurring gains)
15.		Any other income of a recurring nature (list source)
16.		
17.	\$_	TOTAL PRESENT MONTHLY GROSS INCOME (Add lines 1–16)
PRI	SEI	NT MONTHLY DEDUCTIONS:
18.	\$_	Monthly federal, state, and local income tax (corrected for filing status and allowable dependents and income tax liabilities)
	a.	Filing Status
	b.	Number of dependents claimed
		Monthly FICA or self-employment taxes
		Monthly Medicare payments
		Monthly mandatory union dues
		Monthly mandatory retirement payments
23.		Monthly health insurance payments (including dental insurance), excluding portion paid for any minor children of this relationship
24.		Monthly court-ordered child support actually paid for children from another relationship
25.		Monthly court-ordered alimony actually paid (Add 25a and 25b)
		25a. from this case: \$
		25b. from other case(s): \$
26.	\$_	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS ALLOWABLE UNDER SECTION 61.30, FLORIDA STATUTES
		(Add lines 18 through 25)
27.	\$	PRESENT NET MONTHLY INCOME (Subtract line 26 from line 17)

SECTION II. AVERAGE MONTHLY EXPENSES

Proposed/Estimated Expenses. If this is a dissolution of marriage case **and** your expenses as listed below do not reflect what you actually pay currently, you should write "estimate" next to each amount that is estimated.

A. HOUSEHOLD: Mortgage or rent Property taxes Utilities Telephone Food Meals outside home Maintenance/Repairs Other:	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	E. OTHER EXPENSES NOT LISTIC Clothing Medical/Dental (uninsured) Grooming Entertainment Gifts Religious organizations Miscellaneous Other:	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
B. AUTOMOBILE			\$
Gasoline	\$		\$
Repairs	\$		\$
Insurance	\$		\$
C. CHILD(REN)'S EXPENSES			
Day care	\$	F. PAYMENTS TO CREDITORS	
Lunch money	\$	CREDITOR:	MONTHLY
Clothing	\$		PAYMENT
Grooming	\$		\$
Gifts for holidays	\$		\$
Medical/Dental (uninsured)	\$		Ş
Other:	\$		\$
D. INSURANCE			\$
Medical/Dental (if not listed on			\$
lines 23 or 45)	\$		\$
Child(ren)'s medical/dental	\$		Ş
Life	\$		ş
Other:	\$		\$

28. \$	_ TOTAL MONTHLY EXPENSES (add ALL monthly amounts in A through F above)
SUMMARY	
29. \$	_ TOTAL PRESENT MONTHLY NET INCOME (from line 27 of SECTION I. INCOME)
30. \$	_ TOTAL MONTHLY EXPENSES (from line 28 above)
31. \$	_ SURPLUS (If line 29 is more than line 30, subtract line 30 from line 29. This is the amount of your surplus. Enter that amount here.)
32. (\$	_) (DEFICIT) (If line 30 is more than line 29, subtract line 29 from line 30. This is the amount of your deficit. Enter that amount here.)

SECTION III. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Use the nonmarital column only if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage and you believe an item is "nonmarital," meaning it belongs to only one of you and should not be divided. You should indicate to whom you believe the item(s) or debt belongs. (Typically, you will only use this column if property/debt was owned/owed by one spouse before the marriage. See the "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms and section 61.075(1), Florida Statutes, for definitions of "marital" and "nonmarital" assets and liabilities.)

A. ASSETS:

DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S). List a description of each separate item owned by you (and/or your spouse, if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage). LIST ONLY LAST 4 DIGITS OF ACCOUNT NUMBERS. Check the line next to any asset(s) which you are requesting the judge award to you.		Nonmarital (check correct column)	
		Petitioner	Respondent
Cash (on hand)	\$		
Cash (in banks or credit unions)			
Stocks, Bonds, Notes			
Real estate: (Home)			
(Other)			
Automobiles			
Other personal property			
Retirement plans (Profit Sharing, Pension, IRA, 401(k)s, etc.)			
Other			
Check here if additional pages are attached.			
Total Assets (add next column)	\$		

B. LIABILITIES:

DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S). List a description of each separate debt owed by you (and/or your spouse, if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage). LIST ONLY LAST 4 DIGITS OF		Nonmarital (check correct column)	
ACCOUNT NUMBERS. Check the line next to any debt(s) for which you believe you should be responsible.	Owed	Petitioner	Respondent
Mortgages on real estate: First mortgage on home	\$		
Second mortgage on home			
Other mortgages			
Auto loans			
Charge/credit card accounts			
Other			
Check here if additional pages are attached.			
Total Debts (add next column)	\$		

C. CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES:

INSTRUCTIONS: If you have any **POSSIBLE assets** (income potential, accrued vacation or sick leave, bonus, inheritance, etc.) or **POSSIBLE liabilities** (possible lawsuits, future unpaid taxes, contingent tax liabilities, debts assumed by another), you must list them here.

Contingent Assets	Possible Value	Nonmarital (check correct column)	
Check the line next to any contingent asset(s) which you are requesting the judge award to you.		Petitioner	Respondent
	\$		
Total Contingent Assets	\$		

Contingent Liabilities	Possible	Nonmarital (check correct column)	
Check the line next to any contingent debt(s) for which you believe you should be responsible.	Amount Owed	Petitioner	Respondent
	\$		
Total Contingent Liabilities	\$		

SECTION IV. CHILD SUPPORT GUIDELINES WORKSHEET

(Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(e), Child Support Guidelines Worksheet, MUST be filed with the court at or prior to a hearing to establish or modify child support. This requirement cannot be waived by the parties.)

[Check one only]	
	eet IS or WILL BE filed in this case. This case involves the
establishment or modification of child suppo	
modification of child support is not an issue	eet IS NOT being filed in this case. The establishment or
modification of child support is not an issue	in this case.
I certify that a copy of this document was [ch	neck all used]: () e-mailed () mailed () faxed
	elow on {date}
Other party or his/her attorney:	
Name:	<u> </u>
Address:	
City, State, Zip:	<u> </u>
Telephone Number:	<u></u>
Fax Number:	<u></u>
E-mail Address(es):	<u></u>
	ave read this document and the facts stated in it are true.
Dated:	-
	Signature of Party
	Printed Name:
	Address:City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
	E-mail Address(es):
	2 man / taan ess(es)/.
	IS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:
	the: {choose only one } () Petitioner () Respondent
This form was completed with the assistance	
{name of individual}	,
{address}	
{city}, {state}, {zi	p code}, {telephone number}

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.902(d)

UNIFORM CHILD CUSTODY JURISDICTION AND ENFORCEMENT ACT (UCCJEA) AFFIDAVIT (02/18)

When should this form be used?

This form should be used in any case involving parental responsibility for, custody of, or time-sharing or visitation with, any minor child(ren). This <u>affidavit</u> is required even if the parental responsibility for, custody of, or time-sharing or visitation with, the minor child(ren) is not in dispute.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should sign the form before a <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>. You should then <u>file</u> it with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where the petition was filed and keep a copy for your records.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed**

What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be mailed, e-mailed, or hand delivered to the other party in your case, if it is not served on him or her with your initial papers.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the

A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in **bold underline** in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see sections 61.501-61.542, Florida Statutes.

Special notes...

With this form, you must also file a **Notice of Confidential Information within Court Filing,** Florida Rules of Judicial Administration Appendix to Rule 2.420 Form.

Effective October 1, 2008, terms such as custodial parent, noncustodial parent, primary residential parent, secondary residential parent, and visitation were removed from Chapter 61, Florida Statutes; however, because the UCCJEA uses the terms, custody and visitation, they are included in this form. Parents must develop a Parenting Plan that includes, among other things, their time-sharing schedule with the minor child(ren). If the parents cannot agree, a parenting plan will be established by the Court.

If you are the petitioner in an injunction for protection against domestic violence case and you have filed a Request for Confidential Filing of Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(h), you should write confidential in any space on this form that would require you to write the address where you are currently living.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE	CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCI COUNTY, FLORIDA	JIT,
		Case No.: Division:	
	Petitioner,		
and	I		
	Respondent.		
UNIFORM		SDICTION AND ENFORCEMI AFFIDAVIT	ENT ACT
I, {full legal name} _ statements are true		, being sworn, certify that	the following
birth, birth where each relationship	date, and sex of each child; the child has lived within the past to the child of each person wit		, and places address, and t time are:
Child's Full Legal Na Place of Birth:	me: Date of Birth:	Sex:	
Child's Residence fo			
Dates (From/To)	Address (including city and state) where child lived	Name and present address of person child lived with	Relationship to child
/present*			

_		_	•				
/							
/							
iled a Request for	If you are the petitioner in an injunction for protection against domestic violence case and you have led a Request for Confidential Filing of Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 2.980(h), you should write confidential in any space on this form that would require you to enter the						
	are currently living.	• •					
THE FOLLOWING IN	NFORMATION IS TRUE ABOUT CHI	LD#:					
Child's Full Legal Na	ame:	n: Sex:					
		1 Sex					
Child's Residence f	or the past 5 years:						
Dates (From/To)	Address (including city and state) where child lived	Name and present address of person child lived with	Relationship to child				
/present							
/							
THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS TRUE ABOUT CHILD #:							
Child's Full Legal Na Place of Birth:	Child's Full Legal Name: Date of Birth: Sex:						
Child's Residence for the past 5 years:							
Dates (From/To)	Address (including city and state) where child lived	Name and present address of person child lived with	Relationship to child				
/present							

	/			
	<i></i>			
	<i>J</i>			
	/			
	<i>J</i>			
	<i></i>			
	[Choose only I HA custody pro responsibili proceeding I HA custody pro responsibili Explain: a. Name of b. Type of c. Court a	AVE NOT participated as a party, wo ceeding in this or any other state, ty for, custody of, or time-sharing. AVE participated as a party, witnes occeding in this or another state, juty for, custody of, or time-sharing of each child: proceeding: nd state:	itness, or in any capacity in any othe jurisdiction, or country, concerning por visitation with a child subject to the s, or in any capacity in any other litigurisdiction, or country, concerning particular or visitation with a child subject to the state of the second subject to the sec	parental his ration or arental his proceeding.
3.	Information [Choose onl I HA visitation p concerning I HA time-sharin child subject a. Name of b. Type of c. Court a	n about custody or time-sharing property one? AVE NO INFORMATION of any pare proceeding pending in a court of the achild subject to this proceeding. AVE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION of a child subject to this proceeding pending or visitation proceeding pending to the country of each child involved in said litigated proceeding: The proceeding of the country of the	ental responsibility, custody, time-shis or any other state, jurisdiction, or any concerning a parental responsibiling in a court of this or another state of the cut in item 2. Explain:	naring, or country ity, custody, concerning a
	d. Date of e. Case Nu			
	E. COSE IVI	JIIIDEL.		

4.	Persons not a party to this proceeding: [Choose only one]			
	I DO NOT KNOW OF ANY PERSON in this or any other state, jurisdiction, or country, who			
	is not a party to this proceeding and who has physical custody or claims to have parental responsibility for, custody of, or time-sharing or visitation with respect to any child subject to this proceeding.			
	I KNOW THAT THE FOLLOWING NAMED PERSON(S), not a party to this proceeding, has (have) physical custody or claim(s) to have parental responsibility for, custody of, or timesharing or visitation with respect to any child subject to this proceeding: a. Name and address of person:			
	has physical custody			
	claims parental responsibility or custody rights			
	claims time-sharing or visitation			
	Name of each child:			
	Relationship to child, if any			
	b. Name and address of person:			
	has physical custody			
	claims parental responsibility or custody rights			
	claims time-sharing or visitation			
	Name of each child:			
	Relationship to child, if any:			
	c. Name and address of person:			
	has physical custody			
	claims parental responsibility or custody rights			
	claims time-sharing or visitation			
	Name of each child:			
	Relationship to child, if any:			
5.	Knowledge of prior child support proceedings: [Choose only one]			
	The child(ren) described in this affidavit are NOT subject to existing child support			
	order(s) in this or any other state, jurisdiction, or country			
	The child(ren) described in this affidavit are subject to the following existing child			
	support order(s):			
	a. Name of each child:			
	b. Type of proceeding:			
	c. Court and address:			
	d. Date of court order/judgment (if any):			

	e. Amount of child support ordered t	to be paid and by whom:
6.	custody, time-sharing or visitation , cl dissolution of marriage, separate mai	g duty to advise this Court of any parental responsibility, hild support, or guardianship proceeding (including ntenance, child neglect, or dependency) concerning the ate about which information is obtained during this
7.	A completed Notice of Confidential In Administration Appendix to Rule 2.420	formation within Court Filing, Florida Rules of Judicial Form, is filed with this Affidavit.
) e-served () mailed () faxed and mailed elow on {date}
Other	party or his/her attorney:	
Name		
	ss:	
	tate, Zip:	
	ımber:	
	nated E-mail Address(es):	
impris	onment.	gly making a false statement includes fines and/or
Dateu	•	
		Signature of Party
		Printed Name:
		Address:
		City, State, Zip:
		Telephone Number:
		Fax Number:
		Designated E-mail Address(es):
	OF FLORIDA TY OF	
Sworn	to or affirmed and signed before me on	by
	NOTA	RY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK

	[Print, type, or	stamp commissioned name of no	tary or clerk.]
Personally known			
Produced identification			
Type of identification produce	d		_
IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OF [fill in all blanks] This form was prepare This form was completed with the assistance.	ed for the <i>{choos</i> stance of:	•	
{name of individual}			<i>,</i>
{name of business}			
{address}			
{city}, {state}, {z	rip code}	,{telephone number}	

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.942(a) MOTION FOR APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN AD LITEM (11/15)

When should this form be used?

This form may be used by either <u>party</u> in a family law case involving parenting, time—sharing, or <u>paternity</u> of a minor child(ren) to request that the judge appoint a <u>guardian ad litem</u> to represent the best interests of the minor child(ren). You should use this form if you feel that your child(ren) needs someone other than you to ensure that both the judicial system and the other <u>party(ies)</u> act(s) in the best interests of the child(ren). A guardian ad litem may be a volunteer who has been trained and certified by the State of Florida Guardian ad Litem Program or an <u>attorney</u> who is a member in good standing with The Florida Bar.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where your case is filed and keep a copy for your records.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.**

What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be mailed, e-mailed, or hand delivered to the other party in your case.

It is possible that there will be a hearing on your motion. The judge may want to hear the reasons you feel an appointment of a guardian ad litem is necessary, or, the other party may object to your motion. If a hearing is required, check with the clerk of court, family law court staff, or judicial assistant for information on the local procedure for scheduling a hearing. When you know the date and time of your hearing, you should file Notice of Hearing (General), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.923, or other appropriate notice of hearing form, and provide a copy to the other party.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.942(a), Motion for Appointment of Guardian ad Litem (11/15)

to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. You may also want to contact the Guardian ad Litem Program office in your area or see sections 61.401-405, Florida Statutes.

Special notes

Order. These family law forms contain an **Order Appointing a Guardian ad Litem**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.942(b), which the judge may use. You should check with the clerk, family law intake staff, or judicial assistant to see if you need to bring a blank order form with you to the hearing. If so, you should type or print the heading, including the circuit, county, case number, division, and the parties' names, and leave the rest blank for the judge to complete at your hearing or trial.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN T	HE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE		JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
	IN AND FOR	CC	DUNTY, FLORIDA
		Case No.:	
		Division: _	
	Petitioner,		
and			
	Respondent,		
MC	TION FOR APPOINTMI	ENT OF CITA	DDIAN AD LITEM
MIC	TION FOR APPOINTMI	ENI OF GUA	KDIAN AD LI I EM
			er an order appointing a guardian ac n section 61.403, Florida Statutes, and
1. TI	he following minor child(ren) is (a	are) subject to th	nis proceeding:
Name	Birth date Age Se	ex Lo	ocation/Address
	erified allegations of child abuse atutes, HAVE HAVE	_	fined in sections 39.01(2) or (45), in this case.
	_	arding the minor	child(ren) are establishment or
	dification of: ple/shared parental responsibility	V	
b. Pa	arenting Plan and time-sharing so	chedule	
c. O	ther:		
4 1+	is in the best interests of the mi	nor shild/ron) the	at a guardian ad litem he appointed to
	he best interests of the minor ch	• •	at a guardian ad litem be appointed to :

	•	-	-) faxed and mailed (•	-
Other party or his	s/her attorney:					
	· 		_			
Address:						
City, State, Zip:						
	er:					
Designated E-mai	l Address(es):					
				Signature of Petitione	 r	
				Printed Name:		
				Address:		
				City, State, Zip:		
				Telephone Number: _		
				Fax Number:		
				Designated E-mail Add	dress(es):	
IF A NONLAWYER	R HELPED YOU FILL O	UT THI	S FORM, H	E/SHE MUST FILL IN TH	HE BLANKS BEI	LOW:
[fill in all blanks] T	This form was prepar	ed for t	the F	Petitioner Respo	ndent.	
This form was cor	npleted with the assi	stance	of:			
{name of individu	al},					
{name of business	s}					
{address}						
{city}	,{state}	, {zip	code}	,{telephone num	ber}	

	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
	IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA
		Case No.:
	Petitioner,	
	and	
	,	
	Respondent.	
	ORDER APPOINTING	GUARDIAN AD LITEM
	Petitioner's Respondent's motio an ad litem for the minor child(ren) herein an	n or the Court's own motion to appoint a d the Court finding that:
a.	verified allegations of child abuse or Florida Statutes, have been made and a OR	neglect as defined in sections 39.01(2) or (45), re determined to be well-founded,
b.	it is otherwise in the best interests of	f the child(ren) that a guardian ad litem be appointed nor child(ren) because:
It is the	ereupon ORDERED as follows:	
	·	he minor child(ren), {name(s)}
		,
2.		ram for the Judicial Circuit shall assign a ild(ren). Upon filing of the Notice of Acceptance, the an ad Litem Program, {address}
	Supreme Court of Florida, if the Guardian action founded allegation of abuse or neglect, and	d Litem Standards of Operation adopted by the distance of Litem Program is appointed in the absence of a well automatic discharge by the Court will occur upon am if the Program does not have sufficient volunteer accommodate this appointment.
		DR .
	{Name}	, an attorney in good standing with The
	Florida Bar, is appointed to serve as a privat The fees of the private guardian shall be pai	e guardian ad litem for the above minor child(ren). d by:

	Petitioner Respondent each party equally other, {specify}
•	The guardian ad litem is a party to any judicial proceeding from the date of this order until the date of discharge and shall have all of the powers, privileges, and responsibilities authorized in section 61.403, Florida Statutes, to the extent necessary to advance the best interests of the minochild(ren).
•	The guardian ad litem must be provided with copies of all pleadings, notices, stipulations, and other documents filed in this action and is entitled to reasonable notice before any action affecting the child(ren) is taken by either of the parties, their counsel, or the Court. The guardian ad litem is entitled, through counsel, to be present at any depositions, hearings, or other proceedings concerning the minor child(ren).
•	The guardian ad litem may investigate the allegations of the pleadings affecting the minor child(ren), and after proper notice may interview witnesses or any other person having information concerning the welfare of the minor child(ren).
	The guardian ad litem shall maintain any information received from any source described in section 61.403(2), Florida Statutes, as confidential and shall not disclose such information except in reports to the Court served upon both parties to this cause and their counsel, or as directed by the Court.
•	The parties, or any other person entrusted by the parties with the care of the minor child(ren) shall allow the guardian ad litem access to the minor child(ren) at reasonable times and locations and no person shall obstruct the guardian ad litem from the minor child(ren).
	The guardian ad litem shall submit his or her recommendations to the Court regarding any stipulation or agreement, whether incidental, temporary, or permanent, which affects the interest or welfare of the minor child(ren), within 10 days after the date the stipulation or agreement is served upon the guardian ad litem.
	The guardian ad litem shall file a written report with the Court, which may include recommendations and a statement of the wishes of the minor child(ren). The report must be filed and served on all parties at least 20 days prior to the hearing at which it will be presented unless the Court waives such time period. The guardian ad litem's report shall address the following areas, subject to any conditions ordered by this Court: a parental responsibility of child(ren); b residence of child(ren); c time-sharing including times and locations; d appearance of child(ren) at depositions/hearings; e relocation; f best interests of child(ren) regarding scientific tests; and/or g other

-	discharged without further order 30 days after the entry oceeding, unless otherwise ordered by the Court.
DONE AND ORDERED at	, Florida, on
	CIRCUIT JUDGE
certify that a copy of the <i>{name of document</i> was()mailed() faxed and mailed() e- person(s) or entities listed below on <i>{date}</i>	t(s)} -mailed () hand-delivered to the parties and any other
	By: Clerk of Court, Designee, or Judicial Assistant
Petitioner (or his or her attorney) Respondent (or his or her attorney) Guardian ad Litem Program Other:	

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR SANTA ROSA COUNTY, STATE OF FLORIDA

IN RE: EMANCIPATION OF:
, Case #:
a minor.
FINAL JUDGMENT OF EMANCIPATION
THIS CAUSE was heard on the Petition for Emancipation of a Minor filed by the Petitioner. The Court, having jurisdiction over the subject matter, and being fully advised in the premises, finds as follows:
 The minor is capable of being an adult, bearing the responsibilities and privileges of being an adult.
2. The minor has demonstrated the maturity of managing her own affairs, without the supervision of a parent or legal guardian.
 The minor and the parent or legal guardian have agreed for the parent or legal guardian to relinquish his/her rights to control of the minor child.
It is, therefore, ORDERED AND ADJUDGED:
The minor child is adjudged to be emancipated upon this Final Judgment becoming final. The minor child will be emancipated and enjoy the privileges and responsibilities of being an adult as defined by Florida Statute.
DONE AND ORDERED this day of, 20, in Milton, Santa Rosa County, Florida.
Circuit Judge
Copies to: Petitioner Respondent

Minor

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR SANTA ROSA COUNTY FLORIDA

	Case No:			
Petitioner				
Street Address	Division:			
City, State, Zip				
Email				
Vs.				
Respondent				
Street Address				
City, State, Zip				
Email				
() Temporary Custody () Other Domestic Rela Check <u>all</u> that apply	tablish Visitation () Paternity () Stepparent Adoption tions			
Other pending cases of final judgments: () Child Support Enforcement/Department of Revenue case () Dependency/ Department of Children and Families case () Domestic Violence case () Other:				
				Case Number(s)
REQU	EST FOR HEARING			
I, Knowledge and belief that <u>all</u> necessary require	, Petitioner in this case, affirm to the best of my ments for a hearing have been met as follows:			
	hat were listed in the instructions provided to me were filed s were filled our completely, signed and notarized where			
The Petition and forms were proper	rly served on the other party by () Service by Sheriff elivery () An Acceptance & Waiver of Service was filed with			
The Respondent has filed all the required forms or I have followed the instructions to request a Default, and/or Waive or Compel the other party. If an Order to Compel was issued, the time given the other party to comply has passed.				
i understand that my file will be reviewed by cou provided to me with a court date or further instru	rt staff within the next <u>90 days.</u> A Case Status Report will be uctions to proceed.			
Date Signed	Petitioner's Signature			